

# Overview of renewable energy links to agriculture in Africa

Ag residues used for energy – can reduce deforestation

- To produce electricity:
  - Sugar cane bagasse
  - Palm Oil Mill Effluent (POME)
  - Liquid biofuels (bio-diesel, bio-ethanol)
  - Gasifiers (rice husks, solid biomass)
- To produce cooking fuel:
  - Clean cookstoves (e.g. rice husk briquettes)

Renewable energy used for ag production/processing

- Solar water pumps (can increase ag production on existing ag land and allow production of more residue for energy)
- Solar dryers (can replace charcoal drying for tea, tobacco)

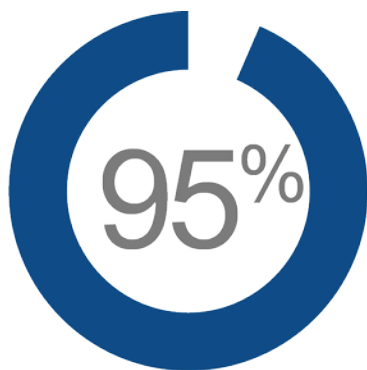


# Scaling Up Smallholder Solar Irrigation in Sub-Saharan Africa

*July 2018*

# Smallholders increasingly need irrigation

## THE CHALLENGE



of food grown in  
sub-Saharan Africa  
is rain-fed



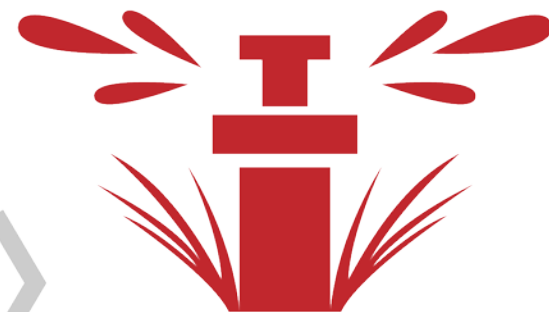
climate change



less frequent, more  
intense rain; increased  
evaporation and  
evapo-transpiration



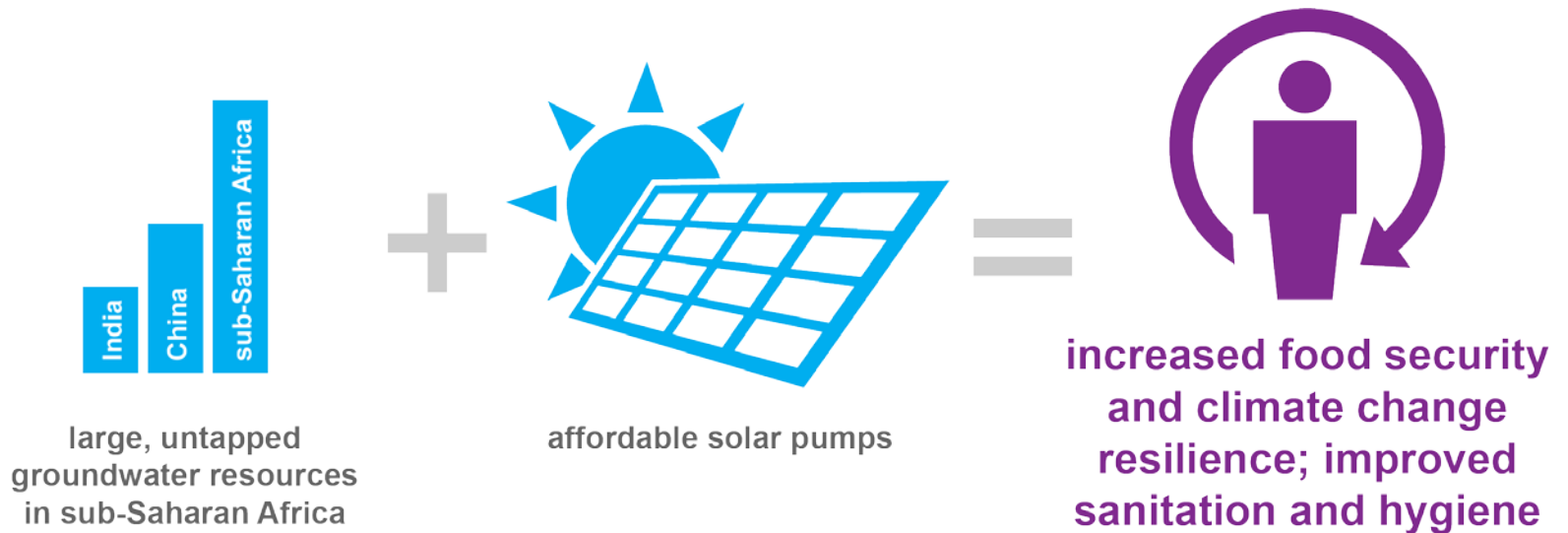
reduction in  
soil moisture



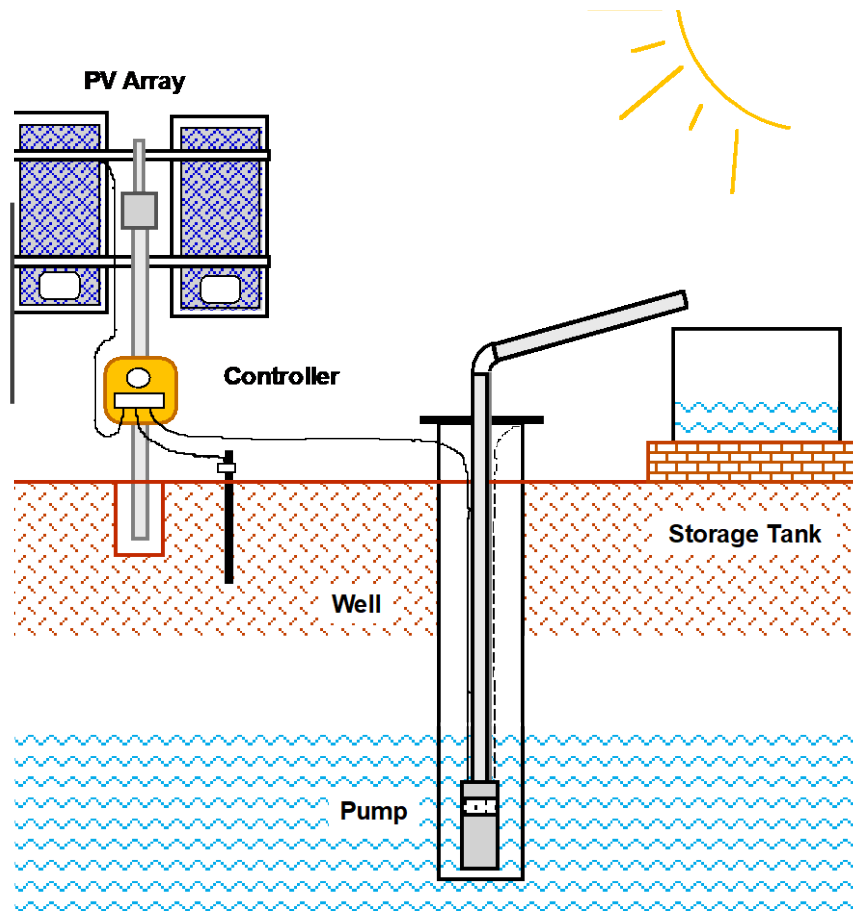
**irrigation required  
to protect crops  
against increased  
risk of failure**

# Smallholders increasingly need irrigation

## THE SOLUTION



# Solar water pumps: a robust technology



- Solar pumps have been used for irrigation since the 1980s
- Solar panels and a controller are paired with a water pump
- No battery needed
- Solar panels typically guaranteed for 20-25 years



# Solar water pumps: a robust technology

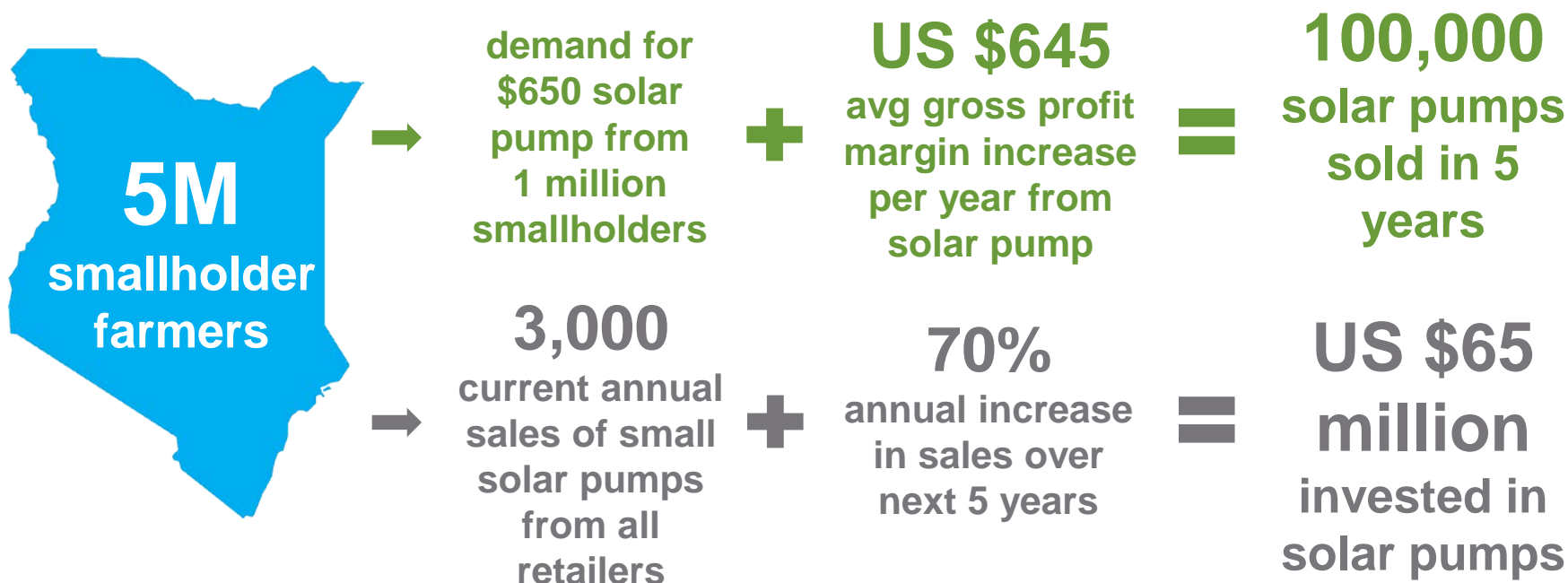


- In Kenya, smallholder solar pump prices range from US \$200 (up to 15 meters total dynamic head) to US \$1,500 (up to 50 meters)
- Cost of solar panels has decreased 60% in last 5 years and expected to decline by another 50% in the next 5 years

# Commercial viability of solar water pumps in sub-Saharan Africa

## MARKET POTENTIAL WITH INDUSTRY FACILITATION

Using Kenya as an example:\*

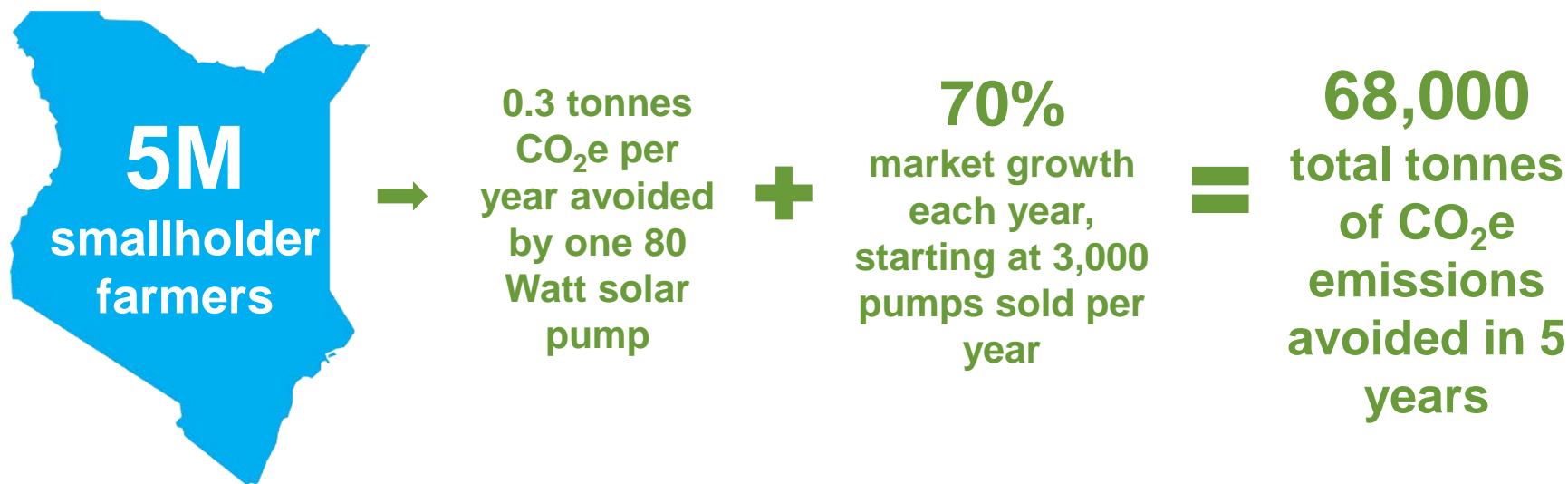


\*Estimates derived from 2016 findings of the Kenya Agricultural Value Chain Enterprises project, which worked to integrate 500,000 smallholder farmers in 22 counties into value chains.

# GHG mitigation potential of solar water pumps

## GHG MITIGATION POTENTIAL WITH INDUSTRY FACILITATION

Using Kenya as an example:\*



\*Estimates assume smallholders would use diesel pumps if solar pumps were not accessible.



# Economic benefits to smallholders

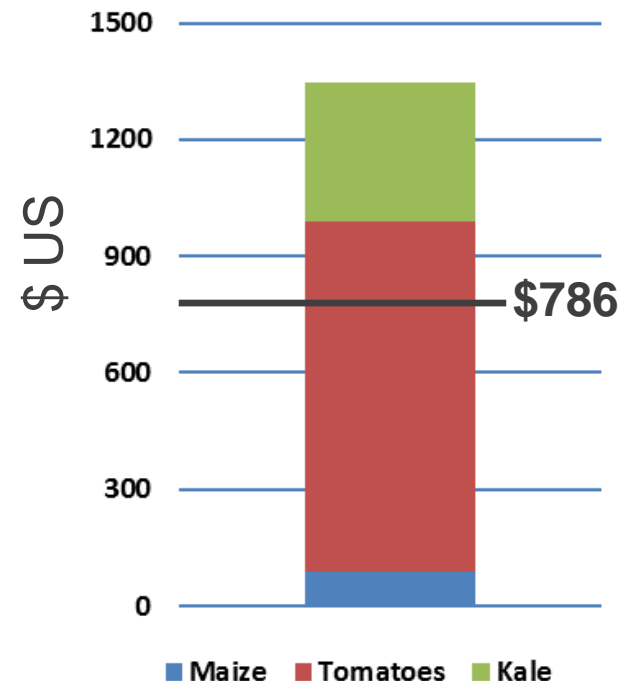
## SIGNIFICANT INCOME BENEFITS



**Case Study:**  
Lilian Akinyi,  
Homa Bay County

- September 2016: Invested US \$786 in solar pump and 12-meter water pipe, stopped renting diesel pump
- Increased irrigated acreage from 1 to 1.25 acres
- Achieved rapid increase in gross profit: US \$1,346 marginal increase in 2<sup>nd</sup> harvest after pump purchase
- Using conservative estimates, gross profit is projected to increase by 350% after paying off solar pump loan

Marginal Increase in Gross Profit In Two Seasons After Solar Pump Purchase (Actual)



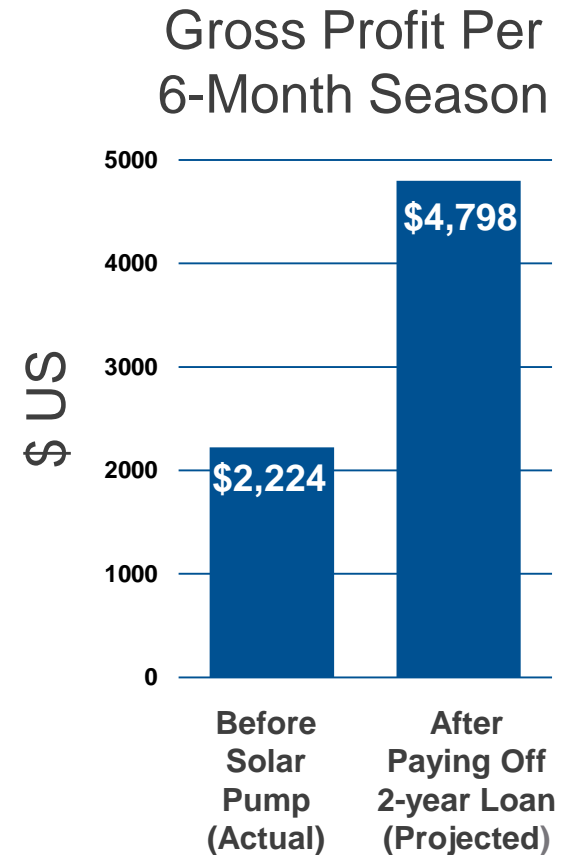
# Economic benefits to smallholders

## SIGNIFICANT INCOME BENEFITS



### Case Study: Shadrack Nzioka, Machakos County

- August 2015: Invested US \$4,655 in solar pump and drip kit; 27-meter borehole; water tank; land clearing
- Increased irrigated acreage from 0.25 to 0.875 acres; now growing two crops per year instead of one
- Has maintained positive gross profit margin while paying off loan
- Using conservative estimates, gross profit is projected to increase by 215% after paying off solar pump loan



# Barriers to solar water pump sales

## MARKET BARRIERS

## SOLUTIONS

### DEMAND SIDE

Low farmer awareness of solar pumps

Farmers have few credit options for solar pump purchases

Lack of aggregated orders for solar pumps

### SUPPLY SIDE

Limited repair networks in rural areas

Lack of 3<sup>rd</sup>-party assessment of solar pump product quality

Demonstrate solar pumps without distorting the market

Mobilize solar pump loan capital and loan products

Aggregate demand for solar pumps by working through value chain actors

CLASP is publishing performance test results for solar pumps



# Resources – solar irrigation

## Reports/Toolkits

[IRENA Solar Pumping for Irrigation](#)

[Toolbox on Solar Powered Irrigation Systems](#)

[Winrock Kenya Smallholder Solar Irrigation Project](#)

## Major Initiatives

[DFID Low Energy Inclusive Appliances](#)

[OFID Solar Irrigation in Rwanda](#) (Energy4Impact)

[Powering Agriculture Grand Challenge](#)

# Resources – energy for agriculture

## Reports

Global Alliance for Clean Cookstoves

- [Briquettes](#)
- [Ethanol](#)

[Small-Scale Biomass Gasification](#)

## Major Initiatives

[Powering Agriculture Grand Challenge](#)

[Cogen for Africa project](#)

[Projects using jatropha for biofuels in Africa](#)



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